Activity 3: Sample response

Using the Guideline for individual learning to prepare a QCIA curriculum plan

Two example QCIA curriculum plans prepared using the *Guideline for individual learning* (GIL) are provided below.

The individual student, data about the student's current level of learning and post-school pathways planning have been considered in each example. Relevant curriculum organisers, learning focuses and learning goals have been selected from the GIL based on this information.

Case study 1

Background information		
School details		
School type	Government	
School sector	Special	
School location	Metropolitan	
School description	Provides educational programs for students aged 5 to 18 years who have a diagnosed intellectual disability ranging from mild to profound. Almost 35% of students enrolled in the school have autism spectrum disorder. All students in the school have individual learning needs.	
Student details		
Disability or medical information	Intellectual disability, autism spectrum disorder	
Communication	 Communicates using a combination of spoken language, gestures and symbols Unfamiliar people may find speech hard to understand 	
Interests	 Dance, music, going to the gym Family seeking supported employment and/or day services post-school 	
Strengths	 Interpreting maps Clearly communicating preferences for activities 	
Weaknesses	 Making meaning from texts read aloud Listening to and following instructions Avoids making eye contact with peers Has difficulty self-regulating emotions and working in teams Limited understanding of time and money Remaining focused on a task without prompting 	



QCIA curriculum plan

QCIA curriculum pia		
Curriculum organiser	Learning focus/es	Learning goal/s
	Language comprehension Listening	 Listen and respond to one- and two-step instructions. Listen to and comprehend information presented in spoken texts and texts read aloud.
Communication and technologies (CT)	Language use Communicating behaviours	Use conventional behaviours and/or abstract symbols consistently in different contexts and with different people to communicate intentionally and consistently to: - comment on people, events and objects in the past, present and future and to ask questions - convey knowledge about learning area topics.
Community, citizenship and the environment (CCE)	Places, environments and people Location	Explain directions using maps and diagrams of familiar locations and places.
	Preferred leisure and recreation activities Identifying preferences Participating in	 Identify interests in particular physical, artistic and cultural activities. Identify and take up opportunities to access local
Leisure and recreation (LR)	activities	community resources that support participation in physical and health-related activities. Identify and take up opportunities to access local community resources that support participation in artistic and cultural activities.
	 Performing Arts activities – dance, drama, music 	Share dance, drama or music with peers to communicate emotions, experiences, ideas and stories.
	Health and wellbeing Understanding and managing emotions	Identify strategies to manage and moderate emotions in increasingly unfamiliar situations
Personal and living dimensions (PLD)	 Interacting with others 	 Practise personal and social skills to interact with and include others Describe characteristics of cooperative behaviour and identify evidence of these in group activities.
	Everyday numeracy skills Applying concepts of time	 Recognise that time is used to organise and describe daily events, e.g. 'before' and 'after'; 'earlier' and 'later'; 'day' and 'night'; 'yesterday', 'today' and 'tomorrow'. Read digital and analogue clocks to the hour, half-hour, quarter-hour and minute. Interpret and use timetables to explain travel options.
	Using money	Identify and use combinations of coins and notes for simple purchases.

	Post-school pathways Vocational and transition options	 Participate in different vocational and transition options, such as volunteering, supported employment, community participation, simulated work environments. Engage in and reflect on supported work and community placements
Vocational and transition activities (VTA)	Accessing local and community resources	 Identify and access agencies that provide information, products and services that support transition to life beyond school.
	Skills for life beyond school Skills for managing self and others	Engage in conversation with others and maintain comfortable eye contact.
	 Independence skills 	Identify and practise strategies to complete tasks.

Case study 2

Background information			
School details			
School type	Government		
School sector	Secondary		
School location	Metropolitan		
School description	Delivers educational programs to approximately 750 students in Years 7 to 12. The students come from diverse cultural and socio-economic backgrounds. 15% are from non-English speaking backgrounds		
Student details			
Disability or medical information	Intellectual disability		
Interests	Early childhood, watching moviesSeeking employment and independent living post-school		
Strengths	 Eager to attend work experience Using picture cues to make meaning from texts Using Google maps on iPad to find way around in local community Recognises coins and notes and is able to make purchases 		
Weaknesses	 Limited awareness of the risks of sharing and exchanging information in online environments Has difficulty managing emotions and seeking help when required Avoids making eye contact and speaking in front of an audience Difficulty taking turns when working in a team Inappropriately interrupts conversations Difficulty with comprehension and identification of information in simple texts Time management Avoids physical activity Managing money and following personal budget 		

QCIA curriculum plan

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Curriculum organiser	Learning focus/es	Learning goal/s
Communication and technologies (CT)	Language comprehension Navigation, reading and viewing	 Navigate, read and view simple texts with: familiar vocabulary and supportive illustrations illustrations and simple graphics.
	– Interpreting	 Interpret simple texts using comprehension strategies such as activating and using prior knowledge and identifying literal information explicitly stated in the text. Use comprehension strategies such as interpreting literal information, making inferences and predicting to explore topics and gather information from texts.
	Language use Presenting	Plan and deliver short presentations.
	Technical and social protocols for use of digital technologies	 Use digital technologies safely to: view information shared by trusted adults share and exchange information with known audiences.
Community, citizenship and the environment (CCE)	Places, environments and people Location	Identify location, show routes and interpret information on maps and diagrams.
Leisure and recreation (LR)	Preferred leisure and recreation activities Participating in activities	Identify and take up opportunities to access local community resources that support participation in physical and health-related activities.
Personal and living dimensions (PLD)	Identity Resilience	 Explore and practise strategies to use when feeling uncomfortable or unsafe, or needing help with a task, problem or situation. Practise and apply strategies to seek help for self or others.
	Health and wellbeing Understanding and managing emotions	Describe strategies to manage and moderate emotions in increasingly familiar and unfamiliar situations.
	 Interacting with others 	 Identify positive ways to initiate, join and interrupt conversations with adults and peers. Practise personal and social skills to interact with and include others.

	Everyday numeracy skills Applying concepts of time Using money	 Understand and estimate how much time is required for daily activities and special events. Convert between hours and minutes, 12- and 24-hour systems. Interpret and use timetables to explain travel options. Identify and use combinations of coins
		 and notes for simple purchases. Create and follow simple budgets and savings plans.
	Post-school pathways Options for living independently and interdependently	 Identify, describe and explore own and others' needs to maintain safe and stable accommodation, considering physical resources and facilities available, support available from family, friends and agencies, and associated costs.
Vocational and transition activities (VTA)	Vocational and transition options	 Engage in and reflect on supported work and community placements. Prepare resume and application letter for identified jobs. Prepare for job interviews.
	Skills for life beyond school Skills for managing self and others	Engage in conversations with others and maintain comfortable eye contact.