

Unpacking the Digital Solutions subject report 2021 Internal assessment



220646





Presenters

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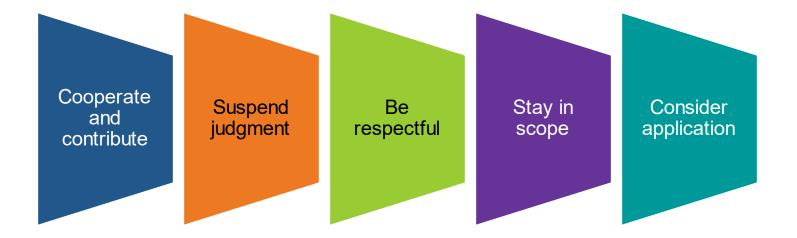
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Learning goals

Learn how to use the QCAA Digital Solutions subject report to inform teaching and assessment practice.

Success criteria

You will know you are successful if you can reflect purposefully on the information provided in the subject report to determine how you can improve your school's internal assessment in Digital Solutions.



Locating the subject report

Home About us News & data PE	events Kindergarten Prep-Year 10 Senior secondary	Logins
Home > Senior secondary > Senior subj	ts > Technologies > Digital Solutions (2019) > Teaching & learning	
Technologies	Digital Solutions General Senior Syllabus 2019: Teaching an learning	d
Learning area news	Version 1.2	
Aerospace Systems (2019)	Overview Syllabus Teaching Assessment Review	
Building & Construction Skills (2019)	Teaching and learning resources	
Design (2019)	Subject reports	
Digital Solutions (2019)	Year Resource	
Engineering (2019)	2020 Subject report 2020 (PDF, 2.7 MB)	
Engineering Skills (2019)	2021 NEW Subject report 2021 (PDF, 5.3 MB)	
Fashion (2019)	2020 Subject reports factsheet 2020 (PDF, 170.2 KB)	
Food & Nutrition (2019)	2021 (NEW) Subject reports factsheet 2021 (PDF, 166.6 KB)	



The purpose of the subject report

2021 summative assessment cycle key outcomes:

- Quality assurance: Endorsement and Confirmation
- External assessment results

- Effective practices and practices to strengthen
 - Internal assessment
 - Assessment design (validity, accessibility)
 - Assessment decisions (reliability)
 - External assessment
 - Teaching and learning





Structure of the webinar





Internal assessment

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Percentage of instruments endorsed in Application 1



Number of instruments submitted	IA1	IA2	IA3
Total number of instruments	184	184	175
Percentage endorsed in Application 1	28%	45%	28%

Number of samples reviewed and percentage agreement

IA	Number of schools	Number of samples requested	Number of additional samples requested	Percentage agreement with provisional marks
1	174	921	128	68.97%
2	174	892	113	65.52%
3	174	909	106	72.99%



Assessment design: Validity and accessibility

Assessment priorities in assessment instruments featured:

Effective practices 🦩



- assessable evidence aligned with syllabus
- a range of appropriate authentication strategies
- clear and concise task instructions
- contexts authentic to student experience.

Practices to strengthen

- single, specific technology context
- limit scope and scale of stimulus datasets
- use syllabus language
- provide relatable contexts.





Assessment decisions: Accuracy and consistency

The match of evidence revealed some effective practices and practices that need strengthening:

Effective practices



- matching individual elements of evaluation
- matching communication characteristics.

Practices to strengthen



- symbolisation of algorithms
- synthesis of relevant information and ideas to determine ...
- referencing
- sufficient information about variations to responses.



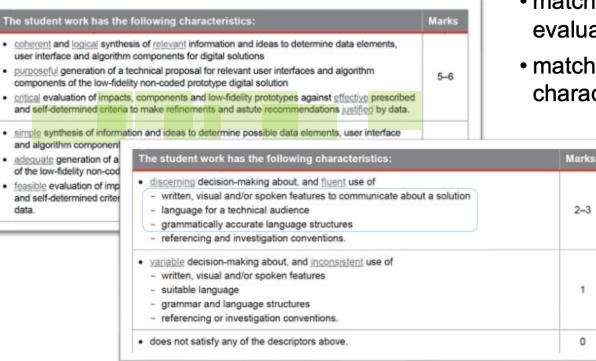
Assessment decisions

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& Assessment Authority

data.

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Effective practices

- matching individual elements of evaluation
- matching communication characteristics

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IA1: Investigation — technical proposal (20%) Assessment decisions

The student work has the following characteristics:	Marks
 accurate and <u>discriminating</u> recognition and <u>discerning</u> description of data sources, programming elements, user-interface components and useability principles adept symbolisation of algorithms and user interfaces and discerning explanation of ideas and interrelationships between proposed data structures and user experiences of the identified problem. 	4–5

System inter-relationships and programming features (Unit 3, Topic 1)

symbolise, explain and <u>use</u> advanced data processes, including table joins, referential integrity, redundancy reduction and anomaly updating

System inter-relationships and programming features (Unit 3, Topic 2)

symbolise well-ordered and unambiguous algorithms using pseudocode for

- procedural code that processes data for insertion into a database or manipulates or displays retrieved data
- user interaction, data validation and data presentation

Practices to strengthen

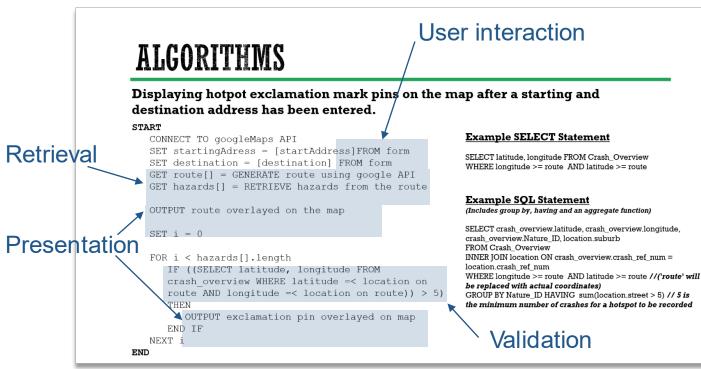
- symbolisation of algorithms
- synthesis of relevant information and ideas to determine...
- referencing
- sufficient information about variations to responses

Adept: very/highly skilled or proficient at something; expert





Excerpt 1





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> 5)

Sample response

Displaying hotpot exclamatio. destination address has been en

JUUKITHIMA

START

```
CONNECT TO googleMaps API
SET startingAdress = [startAddress
SET destination = [destination] FR
GET route[] = GENERATE route using
GET hazards[] = RETRIEVE hazards f
```

OUTPUT route overlayed on the map

SET i = 0

FOR i < hazards[].length
IF ((SELECT latitude, lo
crash_overview WHERE
AND longi+</pre>

Pseudocode does not have a standard format and varies from programmer to programmer. However, a number of conventions are generally used.

Conventions for writing pseudocode

KEYWORDS are written in bold capitals and are often words taken directly from programming languages. For example, IF, THEN and ELSE are all words that can be validly used in most languages. OUTPUT and COMPUTE are from the language COBOL and WRITE is from the language Pascal.

Keywords do not have to be <u>valid</u> programming language words as long as they clearly convey the intent of the line of pseudocode.

Statements that form part of a REPETITION LOOP are indented by the same amount to indicate that they form a logical grouping.

In a similar way, IF, THEN and ELSE statements are indented to clearly distinguish the alternative processing paths.

The end of REPETITION LOOPS and IF, THEN and ELSE statements are explicitly indicated by the use of ENDWHILE and ENDIF at the appropriate points.

INNER JOIN location ON crash_overview.crash_ref_num = location.crash_ref_num WHERE longitude >= route AND latitude >= route //('route' will be replaced with actual coordinates) GROUP BY Nature_ID HAVING sum(location.street > 5) // 5 is the minimum number of crashes for a hotspot to be recorded



(syllabus, section 1.2.5)





Assessment decisions

T	he student work has the following characteristics:	Marks
•	coherent and logical synthesis of relevant information and ideas to determine data elements, user interface and algorithm components for digital solutions purposeful generation of a technical proposal for relevant user interfaces and algorithm components of the low-fidelity non-coded prototype digital solution critical evaluation of impacts, components and low-fidelity prototypes against effective prescribed and self-determined criteria to make refinements and astute recommendations justified by data.	5-6
•	simple synthesis of information and ideas to determine possible data elements, user interface and algorithm components for digital solutions. adequate generation of a technical proposal for some user interfaces and algorithm components of the low-fidelity non-coded prototype digital solution feasible evaluation of impacts, components and low-fidelity prototypes against some prescribed and self- determined criteria to make refinements and fundamental recommendations justified by data.	3-4
•	rudimentary synthesis of information or ideas to determine possible data elements, user interface and algorithm components for digital solutions generation of elements of the low-fidelity non-coded prototype digital solution superficial evaluation of impacts, components or low-fidelity prototype against criteria.	1–2
•	does not satisfy any of the descriptors above.	0

Practices to strengthen

- symbolisation of algorithms
- synthesis of relevant information and ideas to determine ...
- referencing
- sufficient information about variations to responses







Assessment decisions

The student work has the following characteristics:	Marks
 coherent and logical synthesis of relevant information and ideas to determine data elements, user interface and algorithm components for digital solutions purposeful generation of a technical proposal for relevant user interfaces and algorithm components of the low-fidelity non-coded prototype digital solution critical evaluation of impacts, components and low-fidelity prototypes against effective prescribed and self-determined criteria to make refinements and astute recommendations justified by data. 	5–6
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does not satisfy any of the descriptors above.	0

For advice about difficult decisions, email:

DigitalSolutions@qcaa.qld.edu.au



Practices to strengthen

- symbolisation of algorithms
- synthesis of relevant information and ideas to determine ...
- referencing
- sufficient information about variations to responses





Assessment decisions

The student work has the following characteristics:	Marks
 discerning decision-making about, and fluent use of written, visual and/or spoken features to communicate about a solution language for a technical audience grammatically accurate language structures referencing and investigation conventions. 	2-3

The investigation will include referencing conventions using a recognised system of referencing.

The investigation will include the following assessable evidence:

recognition and description of

Conditions

- Length: multimodal presentation, 9–11 minutes
- Other:

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- the reference list is not included in the presentation time
- schools <u>implement</u> authentication strategies that reflect QCAA guidelines (see Section 1.3.2).

Practices to strengthen

- symbolisation of algorithms
- synthesis of relevant information and ideas to determine ...
- referencing
- sufficient information about variations to responses



Assessment decisions

Important

Apply for variation where the student response, or part thereof:

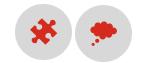
- is unavailable for upload (e.g. lost or inaccessible)
- is incomplete (i.e. missing components or elements required in the confirmation submission information).

Reason for request *

- The school cannot submit a response for this student
-) The school can provide some evidence of a response for this student

Provide details *

Mote: My 0:00 - 11:00 marked & Video does not 11:01 on wards redacted. U:01 on wards redacted.





Assessment design: Validity and accessibility

Assessment priorities in assessment instruments featured:

Effective practices



- a technical proposal attached as a PDF, with headings and language aligned to syllabus
- accessible user personas.

Practices to strengthen



- reference an external data source
- scope and scale of problem-solving required for a particular problem
- technology context aligned with IA1
- repetition of instructions
- use of jargon
- scaffolding.





Assessment decisions: Accuracy and consistency

The match of evidence revealed some effective practices and practices that need strengthening:

Effective practices



- generation of user interfaces and programmed components
- individual elements of evaluation.

Practices to strengthen



- recognition and description of all elements (this is not 'define')
- contextualisation of response
- use of annotations/code comments
- recognised referencing style including in-text.



Assessment decisions: Accuracy and consistency

The project will include the following assessable evidence:

- recognition and description of
 - programmed and user-interface components
 - useability principles, including accessibility, effectiveness, safety, utility and learnability

explanation of

- internal and external data components and data structures using appropriate symbols, code, data samples and screenshots from the prototype digital solution with annotations
- the solution from a user-experience perspective communicated by way of a collection of annotated images of the user-interface components
- how programming elements and user-interface components connect communicated in an annotated diagram
- the functionality, <u>useability</u> and efficiency of the coded components communicated through code comments and annotations

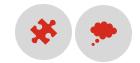
The student work has the following characteristics: Marks • accurate and discriminating recognition and discerning description of relevant programming elements, user-interface components and useability principles Marks • adept symbolisation and discerning explanation of algorithms and relevant programming information and ideas, data structures and interrelationships between user experiences and data of the digital prototype. 7–8

Practices to strengthen

- recognition and description of all elements (this is not 'define')
- contextualisation of response
- use of annotations/code comments
- recognised referencing style including in-text

Elements: constituent parts of a more complex whole

Components: made of two or more elements that make up a whole system and perform a specific function





Excerpt 2

The calculation results function is essential in displaying accurate results to all users. This algorithm is purposed with adding the greatest of two scores from a competition add them together and display all scores in descending order to all users. This algorithm is responsible for displaying accurate scoring results to generic users (parent and student), administration users and organisation users.

The student work has the following characteristics:		
•	accurate and discriminating recognition and discerning description of relevant programming elements, user-interface components and useability principles	
•	adept symbolisation and discerning explanation of algorithms and relevant programming information and ideas, data structures and interrelationships between user experiences and data of the digital prototype.	7–8

Practices to strengthen



- recognition and description of all elements (this is not 'define')
- contextualisation of response
- use of annotations/code comments
- recognised referencing style including in-text

Define: state meaning and identify or describe qualities

Describe: give an account of a situation, pattern or process, characteristics or features of something



Relevant: bearing upon or connected with the matter at hand



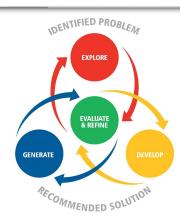
Assessment decisions: Accuracy and consistency

explanation of

- internal and external data components and data structures using appropriate symbols, code, data samples and screenshots from the prototype digital solution with annotations
- the solution from a user-experience perspective communicated by way of a collection of annotated images of the user-interface components
- how programming elements and user-interface components connect communicated in an annotated diagram
- the functionality, <u>useability</u> and efficiency of the coded components communicated through code comments and annotations

Practices to strengthen

- recognition and description of all elements (this is not 'define')
- contextualisation of response
- use of annotations/code comments
- recognised referencing style including in-text









Assessment decisions: Accuracy and consistency

Description

In Digital Solutions, students document the application of the problem-solving process in response to a technical proposal document supplied by the teacher.

The project will include the following project and referencing conventions:

- headings that <u>organise</u> and communicate the student's thinking through the <u>iterative</u> phases of the problem-solving process in Digital Solutions
- · a reference list and a recognised system of in-text referencing.

The project will include the following assessable evidence:

- · recognition and description of
 - progra Other:
 - useabi
- the reference list is not included in the page count
- schools implement authentication strategies that reflect QCAA guidelines (see Section 1.3.2).

1 - 2

0

variable decision-making about, and inconsistent use of

 written and visual features
 suitable language
 grammar and language structures
 referencing or project conventions.

 does not satisfy any of the descriptors above.

Practices to strengthen

- recognition and description of all elements (this is not 'define')
- contextualisation of response
- use of annotations/code comments
- recognised referencing style including in-text





Assessment design: Validity and accessibility

Assessment priorities in assessment instruments featured:

Effective practices



- API, JSON or XML dataset
- task description aligned to Unit 4
- page count scaffolding
- spelling, grammar and technical language.

Practices to strengthen



- technical proposal as stimulus
- accessible link to sample data
- contradictory scaffolding
- list hierarchy.



Assessment decisions: Accuracy and consistency

The match of evidence revealed some effective practices and practices that need strengthening:

Effective practices



- description of data security processes and strategies
- generated components of the data exchange solution.

Practices to strengthen



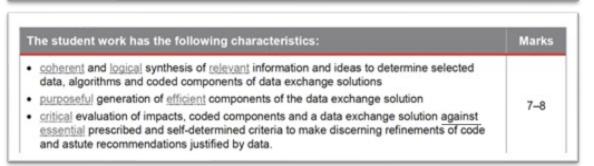
- contextualisation of response
- adept symbolisation is about communicating subject matter
- prescribed and self-determined criteria
- internal vs external data
- sharing/displaying data.





Assessment decisions: Accuracy and consistency

 evaluation against prescribed and self-determined criteria of the impact of data transmission on personal, social and economic needs



Criteria: characteristics by which something is evaluated or appraised. The teacher or client (prescribed) or students (self-determined) develop criteria, e.g. specific needs, identified purpose, impacts quality or effectiveness of solution.

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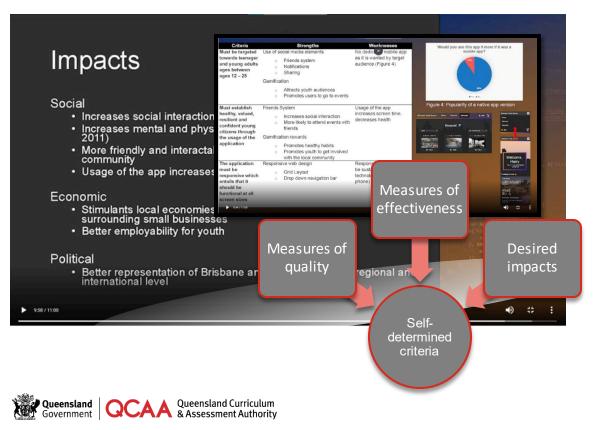
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Practices to strengthen

- contextualisation of response
- adept symbolisation is about communicating subject matter
- prescribed and self-determined criteria
- internal vs external data
- sharing/displaying data



Assessment decisions: Accuracy and consistency



Practices to strengthen

- contextualisation of response
- adept symbolisation is about communicating subject matter
- prescribed and self-determined criteria
- internal vs external data
- sharing/displaying data



Assessment decisions: Accuracy and consistency

Term	Explanation
external data	data that is from a source external to the digital solution; it includes open data, flat files, databases managed by a DBMS, data streams or logs collected from remote sensors and media collections
internal data	data that is part of the digital solution; it includes data stored in memory, entered by the user through the user interface o collected by local sensors, and may also include local files or databases created by coded components of the digital solution
data structure	a particular way of organising data in a computer so that it can be used effectively, e.g. lists, dictionaries, arrays and objects; the aim is to reduce the space and time complexities of different tasks

generate

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- a well-ordered and unambiguous algorithm to solve defined problems using pseudocode
- a prototype digital solution that uses appropriate data structures including <u>JSON or XML</u>, to exchange data
- · manipulate data from an external source

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Does your task provide opportunity for students to demonstrate JSON or XML formatted data?

Practices to strengthen

- contextualisation of response
- adept symbolisation is about communicating subject matter
- prescribed and self-determined criteria
- internal vs external data
- sharing/displaying data



Assessment decisions: Accuracy and consistency

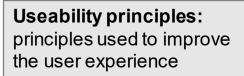
- · determination of prescribed and self-determined criteria
- synthesis of data, algorithm and coded component ideas to generate components of a data exchange solution that simulates the exchange of data between two digital systems; the solution will receive data in one format and programmatically transform it into another format for sharing/displaying
- evaluation of the
 - accuracy of code after testing to identify errors and actions to make improvements
 - digital data exchange solution against prescribed and self-determined criteria
 - functionality, useability and efficiency of the components of the digital solution
- · make refinements and justified recommendations for current and future improvements.



- contextualisation of response
- adept symbolisation is about communicating subject matter
- prescribed and self-determined criteria
- internal vs external data
- sharing/displaying data

Marks

7-8



The student work has the following characteristics:

- <u>coherent</u> and <u>logical</u> synthesis of <u>relevant</u> information and ideas to determine selected data, algorithms and coded components of data exchange solutions
- purposeful generation of efficient components of the data exchange solution
- critical evaluation of impacts, coded components and a data exchange solution against essential prescribed and self-determined criteria to make discerning refinements of code and astute recommendations justified by data.









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