**Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority** 

# **Design 2025 v1.2**

### IA2: Sample assessment instrument

This sample has been compiled by the QCAA to assist and support teachers in planning and developing assessment instruments for individual school settings.

Student namesample onlyStudent numbersample onlyTeachersample onlyIssuedsample onlyDue datesample only

## **Marking summary**

Criterion	Marks allocated	Provisional marks
Exploring	10	
Devising	5	
Evaluating and Proposing	7	
Representing and Communicating	8	
Overall	30	

#### **Conditions**

**Technique** Project

Unit 3: Human-centred design

**Topic/s** Topic 1: Designing with empathy

**Duration** Approximately 20 hours of class time

#### Mode / length Design brief

Written:

- up to 600 words in one A3 page, including
  - a description of the HCD problem for the stakeholder
  - design criteria
  - supporting visual representations.

#### **Design proposal**

Spoken and visual:

- up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent, including
  - a visual presentation of the proposed design concept
  - a spoken pitch for the stakeholder.

#### **Design process**

Visual:

- up to 10 A3 pages, including
  - visual representation of the explore and develop phase of the design process
  - up to 500 words of annotations on the sketched ideas in the develop phase
  - evidence of engagement with the stakeholder in the explore and develop phases.

#### Individual / group Individual

Other Students can develop their responses in class time and their own time.

#### **Context**

The context of this project is human-centred design (HCD). Fundamental to HCD is the principle that a designer considers human needs and wants to be a higher priority than other influences throughout the design process. The success of a design depends on effectively considering the attitudes, expectations, motivations and experiences of a stakeholder by interacting with this person throughout the process.

#### Task

#### To complete this task, you must:

- identify a stakeholder who must be an older person (aged over 60)
- · apply designing with empathy in the explore and develop phases of the design process to
  - analyse the needs and wants of your stakeholder
  - write a design brief that describes a HCD problem and design criteria for your stakeholder
  - devise ideas in response to the HCD problem
  - evaluate ideas against the design criteria to make refinements
  - present a spoken and visual proposal for a design concept to your stakeholder demonstrating how the design concept satisfies the design criteria
- use sketching and prototyping skills to visually represent ideas, a design concept and HCD information.

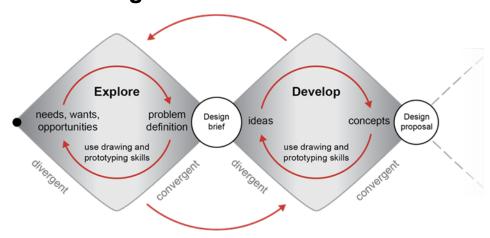
## Checkpoints

Date: Submit draft of the Design brief
Date: Submit draft of the Design proposal

## **Authentication strategies**

- You will be provided class time for task completion.
- Your teacher will observe you completing work in class.
- You will each produce a unique response by working with your own stakeholder.
- Your teacher will conduct interviews or consultations as you develop the response.
- Your teacher will collect copies of your exploring and monitor when you draft your Design brief.
- Your teacher will collect copies of your developing and monitor when you draft your Design proposal.
- You must acknowledge all sources including your stakeholder.
- You must submit a declaration of authenticity.

# **Scaffolding**



# Instrument-specific marking guide (IA2): Project response (30%)

Exploring	Marks
The student response has the following characteristics:	
<ul> <li>insightful analysis of needs and wants         <ul> <li>using relevant primary data about the stakeholder, secondary data about existing designs and designing with empathy knowledge</li> <li>to identify the significant aesthetic, cultural, economic, social and technical features and constraints of design problems and the relationships between them</li> </ul> </li> <li>discerning description of the         <ul> <li>features and constraints that define a HCD problem</li> </ul> </li> <li>essential design criteria that integrate the stakeholder's specific requirements associated with the features and constraints of the problem and the principles of good design</li> </ul>	9–10
<ul> <li>considered analysis of needs and wants</li> <li>using relevant primary data about the stakeholder, secondary data about existing designs and designing with empathy knowledge</li> <li>to identify valid features and constraints of design problems and the relationships between them</li> <li>effective description of the</li> <li>features that define a HCD problem</li> <li>design criteria based on the stakeholder's requirements and principles of good design</li> </ul>	7–8
<ul> <li>appropriate analysis of needs and wants</li> <li>using primary data about the stakeholder, secondary data about existing designs and designing with empathy information</li> <li>to identify some features, constraints of design problems and the relationships between them</li> <li>adequate description of</li> <li>the features that define a HCD problem</li> <li>some design criteria based on the stakeholder's requirements and principles of good design</li> </ul>	5–6
superficial analysis of needs and wants using stakeholder information to identify partial features     superficial description of a HCD problem and some design criteria	3–4
statements about needs and/or wants     description of aspects of a HCD problem.	1–2
The student response does not satisfy any of the descriptors above.	0

Devising	Marks
The student response has the following characteristics:	
<ul> <li>range of credible ideas perceptively devised using designing with empathy in response to the HCD problem that demonstrate flexibility in ways of responding, originality and detailed attributes</li> </ul>	4–5
range of credible ideas appropriately devised using designing with empathy in response to the HCD problem that demonstrate detailed attributes	2–3
ideas superficially devised or described in response to aspects of the HCD problem.	1
The student response does not satisfy any of the descriptors above.	0

Evaluating and Proposing	Marks
The student response has the following characteristics:	
<ul> <li>critical evaluation of the strengths, limitations and implications of ideas against design criteria</li> <li>discerning refinements of ideas based on the criteria and stakeholder feedback</li> <li>coherent, logical and innovative HCD concept proposed, by combining attributes of multiple ideas and stakeholder information, in response to the design problem</li> </ul>	6–7
<ul> <li>feasible evaluation of the strengths and limitations of ideas against design criteria</li> <li>effective refinements to ideas in response to the criteria</li> <li>logical and credible HCD concept proposed, by combining ideas and stakeholder information, in response to the design problem</li> </ul>	4–5
<ul> <li>superficial evaluation of the strengths and limitations of ideas against some design criteria</li> <li>make changes to ideas related to the criteria</li> <li>simple HCD concept proposed, by selecting ideas and stakeholder information, in response to the design problem</li> </ul>	2–3
statements about ideas     partial HCD concept proposed based on an idea	1
The student response does not satisfy any of the descriptors above.	0

Representing and Communicating	Marks
The student response has the following characteristics:	
<ul> <li>sophisticated representation of ideas, a design concept and HCD information using fluent sequences of ideation sketching, schematic sketching and low-fidelity prototyping to progress understanding in the design process</li> <li>discerning decision-making about, and fluent use of         <ul> <li>spoken features, design-specific vocabulary and visual elements and principles to present a design proposal for a live or virtual stakeholder audience</li> </ul> </li> <li>written conventions, features and design-specific language to present a design brief for the stakeholder</li> </ul>	7–8
<ul> <li>considered representation of ideas, a design concept and HCD information using proficient ideation sketching, schematic sketching and low-fidelity prototyping to progress understanding in the design process</li> <li>effective decision-making about, and proficient use of         <ul> <li>spoken features, design-specific vocabulary and visual elements and principles to present a design proposal for a live or virtual stakeholder audience</li> </ul> </li> <li>written conventions, features and design-specific language to present a design brief for the stakeholder</li> </ul>	5–6
<ul> <li>appropriate representation of ideas, a design concept and HCD information using ideation sketching, schematic sketching and low-fidelity prototyping in the design process</li> <li>appropriate decision-making about, and use of         <ul> <li>spoken features and visual elements and principles to present a design proposal</li> <li>written features to present a design brief</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	3–4
<ul> <li>cursory representation of ideas and information using unclear sketching in the design process</li> <li>variable decision-making, and inconsistent use of         <ul> <li>spoken features or visual elements</li> <li>written conventions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	1–2
The student response does not satisfy any of the descriptors above.	0

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