

---

Formula book

# Essential Mathematics v1.1



Queensland  
Government



Queensland Curriculum  
& Assessment Authority

Mensuration			
circumference of a circle	$C = 2\pi r$	area of a circle	$A = \pi r^2$
area of a parallelogram	$A = bh$	area of a trapezium	$A = \frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$
area of a triangle	$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$	total surface area of a cone	$S = \pi rs + \pi r^2$
total surface area of a cylinder	$S = 2\pi rh + 2\pi r^2$	surface area of a sphere	$S = 4\pi r^2$
volume of a cone	$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$	volume of a cylinder	$V = \pi r^2 h$
volume of a prism	$V = Ah$	volume of a pyramid	$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$
volume of a sphere	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$	arc length	$l = \frac{\theta}{180}\pi r$
area of a sector	$A = \frac{\theta}{360}\pi r^2$		

Finance			
simple interest	$I = Pin$	compound interest	$A = P(1 + i)^n$

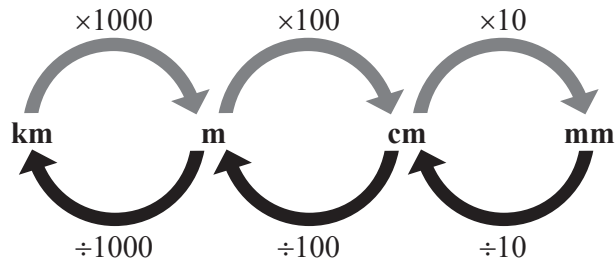
Trigonometry			
Pythagoras' theorem	$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$		
trigonometric ratios	$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$	$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$	$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$

Location and time					
distance	$d = s \times t$	speed	$s = \frac{d}{t}$	time	$t = \frac{d}{s}$

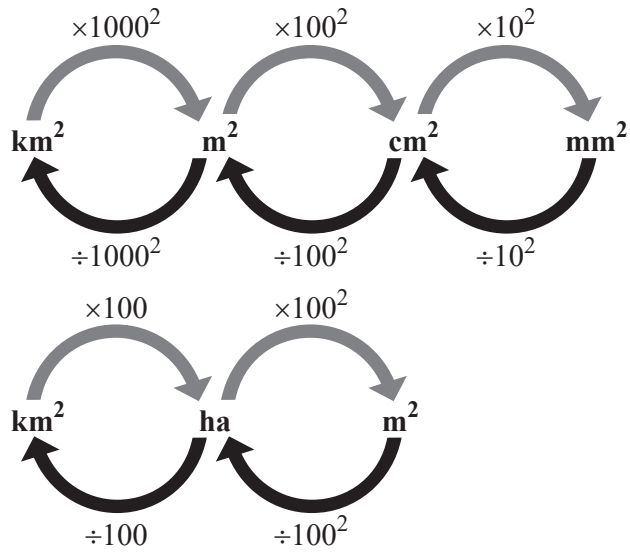
Statistics	
mean	$\bar{x} = \frac{\text{sum of all data values}}{\text{number of data values}}$
range	range = highest score – lowest score
interquartile range (IQR)	$\text{IQR} = Q_3 - Q_1$

## Conversions

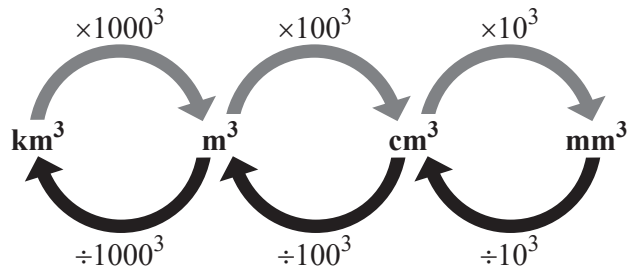
length unit conversion



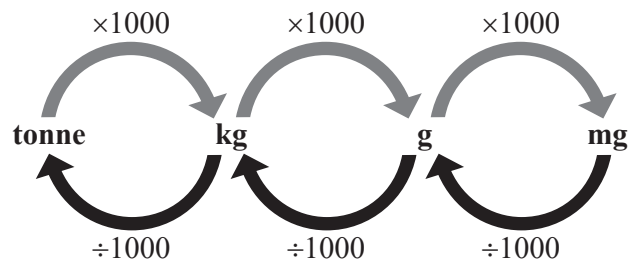
area unit conversion



volume unit conversion



mass unit conversion



capacity unit conversion

