LANGUAGES		
Beginner	Elementary	Lower Intermediate
 Students use their existing understanding of language and culture to identify how languages are inextricably linked to cultures. They develop the skills needed to communicate in the target language, and to build their repertoire of process skills and strategies for acquiring and manipulating the verbal, non-verbal and written features. They expand their understanding of their own languages, cultures and identities through engagement with and use of the target languages and cultures. They explore alternative ways of experiencing, acting in and viewing the world and understand the importance of bilingualism and multilingualism in contemporary society. Students learning Asian, European and other languages understand and appreciate the diversity expressed in languages and the influence of language on culture. Students learning Indigenous languages also understand that these languages, and their associated creoles and dialects, including Aboriginal Englishes, are important elements of Australia's Indigenous culture to be acknowledged by the broader community. Students use the essential processes of Ways of working to develop and demonstrate their Knowledge and understanding. They develop their ability to interpret and construct a small range of text types, using modelled and rehearsed language, in order to meet individual and social communication needs in well-known contexts with peers and familiar adults. They reflect on their learning and language choices in familiar contexts. Students select and use tools and technologies, including information and communication technologies (ICTs), in purposeful ways. They use ICTs as an integral component of their learning to inquire, create and communicate in the target language. knowledge and understanding compenending texts knowledge and understanding composing texts intercultural competence reflecting. 	 Students use their existing understandings of the target language and cultures to further explore societal views and norms, and how these are enacted in the functions, conventions and patterns of each language. They develop their repertoire of process skills and strategies to acquire and manipulate the verbal, non-verbal and written features of the target language. They recognise the importance in contemporary society of learning additional languages and using intercultural skills. Students learning Asian, European and other languages expand their understanding and appreciation of the diversity expressed in languages and the influence of language on culture. Students learning Indigenous languages also understand that Australian languages and cultures, Torres Strait Islander languages and cultures, and their associated creoles and dialects, including Aboriginal Englishes. Students use the essential processes of Ways of working to develop and demonstrate their Knowledge and understanding. They explore a range of text types in the target language, noticing how communication needs and contextual challenges are responded to for different purposes and audiences, collaborating with peers. They reflect on their learning and language choices in relation to purpose, context and audience. Students select and use tools and technologies, including information and communication technologies (ICTs), in purposeful ways. They make use of the potential that ICTs provide to inquire, create and communicate in the target language. Students demonstrate evidence of their learning over time in relation to the following assessable elements: knowledge and understanding composing texts intercultural competence reflecting. 	Students use their existing und to further develop their target la enable them to appropriately of a deepening understanding of language, and become more of structures in the target language cultures, particularly in relation dynamic and flexible nature. The proficiency in other languages contact and globalisation. Students learning Asian, Europ understanding and appreciation the influence of language on m Students learning Indigenous I understanding about Australia? many active Aboriginal language and cultures, and their associa Englishes. Students use the essential pro- demonstrate their Knowledge text types in the target language confidence in using them. They needs and resolve linguistic ark knowledge of purpose and auco on their learning and the appro- texts. Students select and use a range and communication technologi autonomous and purposeful us target language. Students demonstrate evidence following assessable elements • knowledge and understandir • comprehending texts • intercultural competence • reflecting.



nderstandings about the target language and cultures a language proficiency and intercultural competence to communicate in intercultural situations. They develop of how culture is reflected in and constructed by competent in using functions, conventions and age. They begin to appreciate the complexities of on to the less visible dimensions, and also their They further develop their understanding of the role of s in the contemporary world of work, intercultural

opean and other languages further expand their ion of cultural diversity expressed in languages and material and non-material elements of culture.

s languages also have a well-developed a's linguistic and cultural diversity and that there are ages and cultures, Torres Strait Islander languages iated creoles and dialects, including Aboriginal

rocesses of **Ways of working** to develop and **te and understanding**. They explore a wider range of age, and develop proficiency and increasing ey also develop capacities to meet communication and intercultural challenges with increasing udience, in formal and informal situations. They reflect ropriateness of language choices in target language

nge of tools and technologies, including information gies (ICTs). They routinely demonstrate an use of ICTs to inquire, create and communicate in the

nce of their learning over time in relation to the ts:

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