Thinking, reasoning and working mathematically in the classroom

Teacher's role in promoting thinking reasoning and working mathematically



Teachers:

- develop investigations, problems, questions or issues to be resolved that are of interest to students
- · consider the interests, needs and abilities of the learners
- negotiate with students to develop their own investigations
- · support student-devised plans and self-directed learning
- · encourage students to pose problems
- · focus on procedures and strategies to be used
- · guide conversations by focusing questions on the mathematics in the situation
- guide discussion and provide opportunities to develop the knowledge, procedures and strategies required
- · coach, co-investigate or model
- · provide opportunities for self-monitoring and self-assessment
- · encourage persistence and reflection
- · encourage students to communicate alternative perspectives
- · see problems from the students' perspective.

Student's role in thinking, reasoning and working mathematically



Students:

- make meaningful connections with prior knowledge procedures and strategies and prior experiences
- · identify what they know and can do with what they know
- identify what it is that they need to know to proceed
- · Test new procedures and strategies to see if they work in new situations
- · share information about knowledge, strategies and procedures
- conduct experiments and test new ideas
- · remain active and self-directed
- · persevere with difficult problems, questions or issues.

What does thinking, reasoning and working mathematically look like in the classroom?



Students may be:

- · holding mathematical conversations and debates
- · planning investigations
- · selecting appropriate procedures and strategies
- making connections to prior learning and experiences
- using a range of representations from concrete materials to mathematical models
- communicating mathematical ideas
- · challenging the views of other students
- posing problems
- · reflecting on the reasonableness of the solutions
- · monitoring their learning

Benefits of thinking, reasoning and working mathematically



In a classroom where students are given the opportunity to think reason and work mathematically:

- · learning relates to real-world situations
- higher-order thinking is promoted
- · thinking and reasoning are valued
- · learning how to learn is promoted
- · learning is intriguing and engaging
- · different approaches can be used to achieve the same result
- · students see the learning in mathematics
- · perseverance is encouraged.