ACiQ v9.0

Year 6 standard elaborations — Australian Curriculum v9.0: Science

Purpose

The standards elaborations (SEs) support teachers to connect curriculum to evidence in assessment so that students are assessed on what they have had the opportunity to learn. The SEs can be used to:

- make consistent and comparable judgments, on a five-point scale, about the evidence of learning in a folio of student work across a year/band
- develop task-specific standards (or marking guides) for individual assessment tasks
- quality assure planning documents to ensure coverage of the achievement standard across a year/band.

Structure

The SEs have been developed using the Australian Curriculum achievement standard. The achievement standard for Science describes what students are expected to know and be able to do at the end of each year. Teachers use the SEs during and at the end of a teaching period to make on-balance judgments about the qualities in student work that demonstrate the depth and breadth of their learning.

In Queensland, the achievement standard represents the C standard — a sound level of knowledge and understanding of the content, and application of skills. The SEs are presented in a matrix where the discernible differences and/or degrees of quality between each performance level are highlighted. Teachers match these discernible differences and/or degrees of quality to characteristics of student work to make judgments across a five-point scale.





Year 6 Australian Curriculum: Science achievement standard

By the end of Year 6 students explain how changes in physical conditions affect living things. They model the relationship between the sun and planets of the solar system and explain how the relative positions of Earth and the sun relate to observed phenomena on Earth. They identify the role of circuit components in the transfer and transformation of electrical energy. They classify and compare reversible and irreversible changes to substances. They explain why science is often collaborative and describe different individuals' contributions to scientific knowledge. They describe how individuals and communities use scientific knowledge.

Students plan safe, repeatable investigations to identify patterns and test relationships and make reasoned predictions. They describe risks associated with investigations and key intercultural considerations when planning field work. They identify variables to be changed, measured and controlled. They use equipment to generate and record data with appropriate precision. They construct representations to organise and process data and information and describe patterns, trends and relationships. They identify possible sources of error in their own and others' methods and findings, pose questions for further investigation and select evidence to support reasoned conclusions. They select and use language features effectively for their purpose and audience when communicating their ideas and findings.

Source: Australian Curriculum, Assessment and Reporting Authority (ACARA), *Australian Curriculum Version 9.0 Science for Foundation–10* https://v9.australiancurriculum.edu.au/f-10-curriculum/learning-areas/science/year-6

Year 6 Science standard elaborations

		Α	В	С	D	E	
	The folio of student work contains evidence of the following:						
Science understanding	Biological sciences	considered explanation of how changes in physical conditions affect living things	informed explanation of how changes in physical conditions affect living things	explanation of how changes in physical conditions affect living things	description of changes in physical conditions that affect living things	identification of physical conditions that affect living things	
	Earth and space sciences	thorough modelling of the relationship between the sun and planets of the solar system	detailed modelling of the relationship between the sun and planets of the solar system	modelling of the relationship between the sun and planets of the solar system	 modelling of the relationship between the sun and planets of the solar system, with 	 modelling of the relationship between the sun and planets of the solar system, with 	
		reasoned explanation of how the relative positions of Earth and the sun relate to observed phenomena on Earth	informed explanation of how the relative positions of Earth and the sun relate to observed phenomena on Earth	explanation of how the relative positions of Earth and the sun relate to observed phenomena on Earth	positions of Earth and the positions of E	 identification of the positions of Earth and the sun related to day and 	

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		A	В	С	D	E
	Physical sciences	thorough identification of the role of circuit components in the transfer and transformation of electrical energy	informed identification of the role of circuit components in the transfer and transformation of electrical energy	identification of the role of circuit components in the transfer and transformation of electrical energy	guided identification of the role of circuit components in the transfer and transformation of electrical energy	identification of circuit components
	Chemical sciences	 purposeful classification of reversible and irreversible changes to substances thorough comparison of reversible and irreversible changes to substances 	informed classification of reversible and irreversible changes to substances informed comparison of reversible and irreversible changes to substances	 classification of reversible and irreversible changes to substances comparison of reversible and irreversible changes to substances 	 guided classification of reversible and irreversible changes to substances description of reversible and irreversible changes to substances 	identification of reversible or irreversible changes to substances
Science as a human endeavour	Nature and development of science	reasoned explanation of why science is often collaborative thorough description of different individuals' contributions to scientific knowledge	informed explanation of why science is often collaborative detailed description of different individuals' contributions to scientific knowledge	explanation of why science is often collaborative description of different individuals' contributions to scientific knowledge	description of science as collaborative identification of different individuals' contributions to scientific knowledge	statement/s about collaboration in science statement/s about contributions to scientific knowledge
	Use and influence of science	considered description of how individuals and communities use scientific knowledge	informed description of how individuals and communities use scientific knowledge	description of how individuals and communities use scientific knowledge	identification of individuals and communities using scientific knowledge	statement/s about the use of scientific knowledge



		A	В	С	D	Е
Science inquiry	Questioning and predicting	reasoned planning for investigations to: identify patterns test relationships make reasoned predictions	plausible planning for investigations to: • identify patterns • test relationships • make reasoned predictions	planning for investigations to: • identify patterns • test relationships • make reasoned predictions	guided planning for investigations to: • identify patterns • test relationships • make reasoned predictions	use of provided scaffolds to plan for investigations
	Planning and conducting	thorough planning for safe, repeatable investigations	detailed planning for safe, repeatable investigations	planning for safe, repeatable investigations	planning for safe, repeatable investigations, with guidance	planning for safe, repeatable investigations, with direction
		thorough description of risks associated with investigations purposeful description of key intercultural considerations when planning field work	detailed description of risks associated with investigations informed description of key intercultural considerations when planning field work	 description of risks associated with investigations description of key intercultural considerations when planning field work 	identification of risks associated with investigations identification of key intercultural considerations when planning field work	directed identification of risks associated with investigations directed identification of key intercultural considerations when planning field work
		purposeful identification of variables to be changed, measured and controlled	 informed identification of variables to be changed, measured and controlled 	identification of variables to be changed, measured and controlled	identification of variables to be changed and measured	identification of variables to be changed
		use of equipment for the purposeful generation and recording of data with appropriate precision	use of equipment for the informed generation and recording of data with appropriate precision	use of equipment for the generation and recording of data with appropriate precision	use of equipment for the generation and recording of data	directed use of equipment for the generation and recording of data
	Processing, modelling and analysing	 construction of representations for the purposeful organisation and processing of data and information thorough description of patterns, trends, and relationships 	 construction of representations for the effective organisation and processing of data and information informed description of patterns, trends, and relationships 	 construction of representations for the organisation and processing of data and information description of patterns, trends, and relationships 	 guided construction of representations for the organisation and processing of data and information identification of patterns, trends, and relationships 	use of provided representations for the organisation and processing of data and information



	Α	В	С	D	E
Evaluating	 thorough identification of possible sources of error in their own and others' methods and findings posing considered questions for further investigation purposeful selection of evidence to support reasoned conclusions 	informed identification of possible sources of error in their own and others' methods and findings posing plausible questions for further investigation informed selection of evidence to support reasoned conclusions	 identification of possible sources of error in their own and others' methods and findings posing questions for further investigation selection of evidence to support reasoned conclusions 	 identification of possible sources of error in their own or others' methods and findings posing questions for further investigation, with guidance selection of evidence to support conclusion/s 	 statement/s about possible errors in methods posing questions for further investigation, with direction conclusion drawn
Communicating	effective selection and purposeful use of language features, including scientific terminology, for their purpose and audience when communicating their ideas and findings.	effective selection and use of language features, including scientific terminology, for their purpose and audience when communicating their ideas and findings.	effective selection and use of language features for their purpose and audience when communicating their ideas and findings.	use of language features for their purpose and audience when communicating their ideas and findings.	use of language features when communicating their ideas and findings.

Key shading emphasises the qualities that discriminate between the A–E descriptors

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