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| --- |
| Years 5–6 band Japanese Curriculum and assessment plan[Insert school name, implementation year]  |

Use this template to plan an overview or summary of the teaching, learning and assessment for a band in the Australian Curriculum: Japanese. For planning advice, refer to the Planning for teaching, learning and assessment document available on the Planning tab for each learning area at [www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/p-10/aciq/version-9/learning-areas](http://www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/p-10/aciq/version-9/learning-areas).

How to use this template: Type information into the fields (yellow shading). When the plan is complete, delete the highlighted instructions (blue shading). To do so, select the instruction text, click the Home tab > Styles dropdown > Clear All/Clear Formatting > text will revert to Normal style and you can delete the text.

| Level description | Context and cohort considerations (if applicable)  |
| --- | --- |
| In Years 5 and 6, Japanese language learning builds on each student’s prior learning and experiences with language. Students communicate and work in collaboration with peers and teachers in purposeful, creative and structured activities involving listening, speaking, reading and viewing, and writing. They interact in Japanese to exchange information and ideas relating to their interests, school and local environment, and engage with Japanese-speaking communities in person or via digital access. They work independently and in groups with ongoing support from modelling, and from digital and print resources.Students engage with a range of spoken, written and multimodal texts that may include stories, posters, notes, invitations and procedures. With support, they use their knowledge of hiragana, including voiced sounds, long vowel sounds, double consonants and blends, and high-frequency kanji, to identify Japanese language structures and features. They apply knowledge of stroke order in writing and recognise katakana, developing their understanding of the relationship between hiragana, katakana and kanji in texts. They understand that some words and expressions are not easily translated, and reflect on how diverse cultural practices, behaviours and values influence communication and identity. | Describe the context and cohort. Consider the following to make informed professional decisions during the planning process: * + relevant student data and information, e.g. achievement data
	+ available resources, e.g. timetabling
	+ school and sector priorities.

​​[Insert context and cohort considerations]​  |

**Note:** Insert/delete rows/columns, as required, to provide an overview of the teaching, learning and assessment sequence across the band.

| Unit 1 — [Insert unit title] | Unit 2 — [Insert unit title] | Unit 3 — [Insert unit title] | Unit 4 — [Insert unit title] |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Duration: [Insert semester, term and/or weeks] | Duration: [Insert semester, term and/or weeks] | Duration: [Insert semester, term and/or weeks] | Duration: [Insert semester, term and/or weeks] |
| [Insert unit description and learning focus] | [Insert unit description and learning focus] | [Insert unit description and learning focus] | [Insert unit description and learning focus] |

**Note:**

Adjust the table to reflect the number of units you will offer.

Highlight the aspects of the achievement standard that will be assessed within each unit.

|  | Unit 1 | Unit 2  | Unit 3 | Unit 4 |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Assessment — [Insert assessment title] | Timing | Assessment — [Insert assessment title] | Timing | Assessment — [Insert assessment title] | Timing | Assessment — [Insert assessment title] | Timing  |
| Assessment | [Insert concise description of assessment][Insert technique][Insert mode, if applicable][Insert conditions]  | [Insert week/s or date/s] | [Insert concise description of assessment][Insert technique][Insert mode, if applicable][Insert conditions]  | [Insert week/s or date/s] | [Insert concise description of assessment][Insert technique][Insert mode, if applicable][Insert conditions]  | [Insert week/s or date/s] | [Insert concise description of assessment][Insert technique][Insert mode, if applicable][Insert conditions]  | [Insert week/s or date/s] |
| Achievement standard | By the end of Year 6, students initiate and use strategies to maintain interactions in Japanese language that are related to their immediate environment. They use appropriate combinations of hiragana sounds, intonation and rhythm in spoken texts. They collaborate in spoken and written activities that involve the language of planning and problem-solving to share information, ideas, and preferences. They use strategies to locate and interpret information and ideas in texts, and demonstrate understanding by responding in Japanese or English, adjusting their response to context, purpose and audience. They create texts, selecting and using a variety of vocabulary and sentence structures to suit context. They sequence information and ideas, and use conventions appropriate to text type. They use hiragana and familiar katakana and kanji appropriate to context.Students apply rules for pronunciation and intonation, punctuation, modelled structures and scripts, when creating and responding in Japanese. They compare language structures and features in Japanese and English, using some metalanguage. They show understanding of how some language reflects cultural practices and consider how this is reflected in their own language(s), culture(s) and identity. | By the end of Year 6, students initiate and use strategies to maintain interactions in Japanese language that are related to their immediate environment. They use appropriate combinations of hiragana sounds, intonation and rhythm in spoken texts. They collaborate in spoken and written activities that involve the language of planning and problem-solving to share information, ideas, and preferences. 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| Moderation | [Insert moderation details, including when moderation will occur and how it will be conducted] | [Insert moderation details, including when moderation will occur and how it will be conducted] | [Insert moderation details, including when moderation will occur and how it will be conducted] | [Insert moderation details, including when moderation will occur and how it will be conducted] |

**Note:** Adjust the table to reflect the number of units you will offer. Check or uncheck the columns as appropriate for each unit.

| Content descriptions | Units | Content descriptions | Units |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Communicating meaning in Japanese | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Understanding language and culture | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| **Interacting in Japanese** initiate and sustain modelled exchanges in familiar contexts related to students’ personal world and school environmentAC9LJ6C01 | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | **Understanding systems of language** apply knowledge of combinations of hiragana sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns to develop fluency and rhythm to known words and phrasesAC9LJ6U01 | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |
| participate in activities that involve planning and negotiating with others, using language that expresses information, preferences and ideasAC9LJ6C02 | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | use knowledge of modelled grammatical structures, formulaic expressions and writing system rules to compose and respond to texts using appropriate punctuation and textual conventionsAC9LJ6U02 | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |
| **Mediating meaning in and between languages**locate and process information and ideas in a range of spoken, written and multimodal texts, and respond in different ways to suit purposeAC9LJ6C03 | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | compare some Japanese language structures and features with those of English, using some familiar metalanguageAC9LJ6U03 | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |
| apply strategies to interpret and convey meaning in Japanese language in familiar spoken, written and non-verbal cultural contextsAC9LJ6C04 | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | **Understanding the interrelationship of language and culture**recognise that language reflects cultural practices, values and identity, and that this impacts on non-verbal and verbal communicationAC9LJ6U04 | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |
| **Creating text in Japanese**create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal texts using a variety of modelled sentence structures to sequence information and ideas, textual conventions, and hiragana and some familiar katakana and kanji appropriate to contextAC9LJ6C05 | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |  |

**Note:** Adjust the table to reflect the number of units you will offer. Check or uncheck the columns as appropriate for each unit.

| General capabilities | Units |  | Cross-curriculum priorities | Units |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Critical and creative thinking  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |  | Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander histories and cultures | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |
| Digital literacy  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |  | Asia and Australia’s engagement with Asia | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |
| Ethical understanding | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |  | Sustainability | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |
| Intercultural understanding | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |
| Literacy  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |
| Numeracy | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |
| Personal and social capability | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  | [ ]  |

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