Comparison of AC v8.4 to v9.0



Years 7-8 (P-10 Sequence): Languages/Italian

Key	same/refined	removed	<u>new</u>	moved
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Note:

- the key applies to the content descriptions only

	Version 8.4	Version 9.0			
Achievement standard By the end of Year 8, students use spoken and written Italian to interact in a range of personal and social contexts. They describe or present people, places,		Achievement standard By the end of Year 8, students initiate and maintain interactions in Italian language in familiar and some unfamiliar contexts related to a range of interests			
information school wo quarantad range of te language. others, may expressed texts, for esono l'ingli familiar topexample, li veramente to purpose dictionarie some unfa of texts. The and cohern appropriate and tenses. They use example, li educazion. Students use culture. The and narrate situation a regional for communication another, a languages and responsible.	conditions; discuss likes, dislikes and preferences; present n; recount and narrate events; and talk about personal, social and rids, for example, Ecco mio padre. Si chiama Edoardo. Ha ue anni. They understand main points and some specific details in a exts organised around known content and including some unfamiliar. They express and understand feelings when corresponding with king connections between language used and cultural concepts. They respond to and create simple informational and imaginative xample, lo comincio la scuola alle otto e mezzo. Le materie che studio ese, la matematica, le scienze e la storia. They express views on pics and make comparisons, adding their own opinions or reasons, for will piace il mio amico perché è buffissimo. Mi piace anche perché è intelligente. They apply their understanding that texts vary according and audience, and use contextual clues, questioning and bilingual is to identify, interpret and summarise the meaning of familiar and miliar language. They give some justification for their interpretations ney ask questions and seek clarification. Students create cohesive ent texts for different purposes on a range of familiar topics, using elanguage structures and vocabulary, including different modal verbs ent texts for different purposes on a range of familiar topics, using elanguage structures and vocabulary, including different modal verbs ent exts for different purposes on a range of familiar topics, using elanguage structures and adverbs to elaborate meanings, for a professoressa di matematica è molto simpatica ma il professore di elisica è qualche volta troppo severo. Inderstand and use metalanguage to explain aspects of language and avey identify features of text types such as letters, emails, descriptions ives. They know that language is chosen to reflect contexts of and culture, and identify differences between standard, dialectal and rms of Italian. They analyse the impact of technology and media on ation and language forms, the influence of Italian and English	and experiences. They use Italian to collaborate and problem-solve, and adjust language in response to others. They interpret information, ideas and opinions it exts. They demonstrate understanding of similarities and differences between languages, in both familiar and some unfamiliar cultural contexts, by adjusting and reorganising responses. They select and use vocabulary, sentence structures and expressions to create texts. Students apply the conventions of spoken Italian to develop fluency. They demonstrate understanding that spoken, written and multimodal texts use different language conventions, structures and features to convey meaning. They comment on structures and features of Italian text, using metalanguage. They reflect on how the Italian language, culture and identity are interconnected and compare this with their own language(s), culture(s) and identity.			
Strands	content descriptions	Content descriptions	Sub- strands	Strands	
	initiate and maintain social interaction with peers and known adults by seeking and offering ideas, thoughts and feelings about people, events and experiences [Key concepts: relationship, experience, community; Key processes: sharing perspectives, exchanging, corresponding] ACLITC058	initiate and sustain exchanges in familiar and some unfamiliar contexts related to students' experiences, feelings and views, adjusting their language in response to others AC9LIT8C01			
Communicating	contribute to collaborative planning of events, experiences and activities, considering options and negotiating arrangements [Key concepts: event, celebration, experience; Key processes; negotiating, suggesting, requesting, explaining] ACLITC059	collaborate in activities that involve the language of transaction, negotiation and problem-solving to plan projects and events AC9LIT8C02	Interacting in Italian		
	participate in transactions related to purchasing goods and services, such as buying clothing and tickets and evaluating 'value for money' [Key concepts: exchange, etiquette; Key processes: transacting, negotiating, comparing] ACLITC060		Interacting	j in Italian	
	participate in classroom activities, giving and following instructions, asking questions to clarify purpose, and describing procedures and actions taken [Key concepts: community, classroom culture; Key processes: reflecting, explaining, exemplifying] ACLITC061		tween Communicating meaning		
	analyse, summarise and share key ideas and information from a range of texts [Key concepts: fact/fiction, representation, perspective, choice; Key processes: identifying, comparing, sequencing] ACLITC062	interpret information, ideas and opinions in a range of spoken, written and multimodal texts, and respond appropriately to cultural context, purpose and audience AC9LIT8C03	and between s	Communi	
	respond to a range of imaginative texts by expressing ideas and opinions about the themes, characters, events and cultural attitudes conveyed, and relate to personal experience [Key concepts: narrative, relationships, values; Key processes: interpreting, comparing; Key text types: story, film] ACLITC064	meaning in language			
		interpret and adjust non-verbal, spoken and written language to convey meaning in Italian language in familiar and some unfamiliar cultural contexts	Mediating		

AC9LIT8C04



Note:

- the key applies to the content descriptions only
- v8.4 content descriptions may have been reordered to align with v9.0 content descriptions.

Version 8.4		Version 9.0		
	translate texts, discussing different versions and why these might occur [Key concepts: equivalence, meaning; Key processes: translating, experimenting, comparing] ACLITC066			
	convey ideas and opinions by creating spoken, written and multimodal texts [Key concepts: youth issues, representation; Key processes: informing, persuading, responding] ACLITC063	create and present spoken, written and multimodal, informative and imaginative texts, selecting vocabulary, expressions, grammatical structures, features and conventions appropriate to text type and context	text in Italian	
	create texts for particular audiences that depict experiences or topics of interest [Key concepts: imagination, audience; Key processes: describing, contextualising, narrating, recounting, expressing; Key text types: narrative, description, recount] ACLITC065	AC9LIT8C05		
	create short bilingual texts such as captions, stories and commentaries [Key concepts: equivalence, comparison; Key processes: translating, experimenting] ACLITC067		Creating	
Understanding	develop an understanding and use the sound system of Italian ACLITU070	apply knowledge of conventions of spoken Italian to enhance fluency, and to respond to and create texts in familiar and some unfamiliar contexts AC9LIT8U01	of language	Understanding language and culture
	use grammatical knowledge to extend meanings, including knowledge of irregular, reflexive and modal verbs ACLITU071 apply understanding of distinctive features of text organisation ACLITU072	apply understanding of grammatical structures and expressions to compose and respond to texts AC9LIT8U02	systems	
	AGEITOUTZ	reflect on similarities and differences between Italian and English language structures and features, using metalanguage AC9LIT8U03	Understanding	
	participate in intercultural experiences to discuss cultural practices, comparing own and others' reactions and responses [Key concepts: cultural comfort, cultural assumption; Key processes: reflecting, comparing, questioning, relating] ACLITC068	reflect on and explain how identity is shaped by language(s), culture(s), beliefs, attitudes and values AC9LIT8U04	ship of language and	
	reflect on own participation in intercultural exchange and consider how this shapes own identity over time [Key concepts: identity, intercultural sensitivity; Key processes: comparing, reviewing, reflecting] ACLITC069			
	analyse the ways in which choices in everyday language use reflect cultural practices and values ACLITU076			٦.
	recognise how language use varies depending on the context of the situation and the context of culture ACLITU073		Understanding the interrelationship culture	
	recognise the impact of media and technology on the way Italian is changing as a language of local and international communication ACLITU074			
	understand the value of communicating within and across languages, and discuss the interrelationship between Italian, English and other languages ACLITU075		Under	

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