## Comparison of AC v8.4 to v9.0



Years 9–10 band (7–10 Sequence): Languages/German

Key	same/refined	removed	<u>new</u>	moved	
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## Note:

- the key applies to the content descriptions only
- v8.4 content descriptions may have been reordered to align with v9.0 content descriptions.

	Version 8.4	Version 9.0			
Achievement standard		Achievement standard			
German to school exp decisions, interacting familiar queriations of the school exp deutschen variations opinions from the scriptive of time and problems arange of time and problems are severyday are gular and describe problems, such a variety of früher, dare excerpts from the explain the case. The the feature punctuation shape means poken and their own of the school of the scho	d of Year 10, students initiate and maintain interactions in written and spoken of communicate ideas, thoughts, feelings and information related to relationships, beriences, the community and future plans. They interact with others to make solve problems, and negotiate and plan action in response to issues. When in, they use both rehearsed and spontaneous language. They ask and respond to restions, for example, Wir sind in den Ferien oft ins Schwimmbad gegangen. Was semacht? Ich finde meine Schule gut, und du? Wie findest du deine Schule? and sparisons, such as, Meine Freundin ist fleiβiger als ich. They give opinions explain and ask for advice or clarification, for example, Ich wohne gern auf dem Land, habe mein Passwort vergessen. Was soll ich machen? Wie Iernt man die Verben?. They apply rules of pronunciation, intonation and stress, including such as contractions. They locate, analyse and record information, feelings and rom a range of texts. They respond to and re-create imaginative texts, and use and expressive vocabulary to communicate about experiences and emotions. If y meaning with a range of adverbs and adverbial phrases, such as, Wir haben am Montag mit Frau RoLG gemacht. They create personal, descriptive, e and imaginative texts for different purposes, audiences and contexts. They use grammatical elements to describe, situate and link people, objects and events in blace. They use articles, for example, der/ein, personal pronouns, some attive and interrogative adjectives such as dieser, jeder and welcher, possessive in the nominative, accusative and dative case, and a range of prepositions in and topic-based phrases. They use present and future tenses of a range of diregular verbs, including some modal, separable and inseparable verbs. They use go of common verbs. They use some common reflexive verbs in the present the as, Ich dusche mich morgens.; Interessierst du dich für Geschichte? They use of conjunctions and cohesive devices, for example, als, dass, wenn, weil; dann, nach, vorher, to create c	By the end of Year 10, students initiate and sus language to exchange and compare ideas and of their own and others' personal worlds. They converbal, spoken and written language to collabor on activities and events. They interpret and analideas in texts and demonstrate understanding of perspectives. They synthesise information and English, adjusting language to convey meaning purpose and audience. They use structures and and written German to create texts.  Students apply features and conventions of spoenhance fluency. They select and apply knowle conventions, structures and features to interact, create texts. They support discussion of structurexts, using metalanguage. They reflect on their and cultural identity, and draw on their experien German, to discuss how this learning influences of communicating.	experiences nmunicate ( ate, plan ar lyse informa f different respond in ( and to suit features of ken Germa dge of lang make mea res and fear own langua ce of learni	s about using non- nd reflect ation and  German or context, f spoken  n to uage ning and tures of age use ng	
Strands	Content descriptions	Content descriptions	Sub- strands	Strands	
	initiate and maintain interactions with peers and adults by seeking and offering ideas, opinions and feelings as well as information related to relationships, school experience, community and future plans  [Key concepts: routines, relationships, community; Key processes: interacting, participating, describing] ACLGEC018	ffering initiate and sustain interactions in familiar and some unfamiliar contexts to exchange ideas, experiences and opinions about their own and others' personal world AC9LG10EC01			
	develop classroom language to contribute to structured discussions and monitor learning by giving and following instructions and advice, making suggestions, asking questions for clarification, and expressing agreement or disagreement [Key concepts: task, communication, learning strategies; Key processes; participating, discussing] ACLGEC020	use German language in exchanges to question, offer opinions and compare and discuss ideas AC9LG10EC02	Interacting in German	German	
Communicating	interact with others to make decisions and solve problems to complete tasks such as obtaining goods or services, and negotiate with peers to take individual and/or collective action  [Key concepts: roles, transactions, tasks; Key processes: collaborating, negotiating, discussing] ACLGEC019	use non-verbal, spoken and written exchanges to discuss, plan and reflect on activities, events and experiences with peers AC9LG10EC03		Communicating meaning in G	
Com	access and analyse information, feelings and opinions in a range of digital, print and multimodal texts  [Key concepts: social issues, information, representation; Key processes: selecting, analysing, researching] ACLGEC021	interpret information, ideas and perspectives in a wide range of spoken, written and multimodal texts and respond appropriately to cultural context, purpose and audience	in and ges		
	present information and opinions in different modes and familiar text types appropriate to audience, context and purpose, applying conventions of text types  [Key concepts: content, audience, mode; Key processes: presenting, designing,	AC9LG10EC04  Li Build addience		O	
	transposing ACLGEC022  respond to a range of contemporary and traditional imaginative texts (including excerpts) by summarising, reorganising, expressing reactions and opinions, or modifying aspects		Mediating meaning in between language		



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	[Key concepts: themes, imagination; Key processes: responding, modifying, transposing] ACLGEC023			
	translate and interpret aspects of informative and imaginative texts, identifying and explaining some of the challenges involved and adjustments required when transferring meaning between languages and cultures [Key concepts: equivalence, representation, adjustments; Key processes: interpreting, translating, comparing] ACLGEC025	challenges involved and adjustments required when en languages and cultures representation, adjustments; Key processes: aparing] ACLGEC025  verbal, spoken and written interactions and texts to convey meaning and intercultural understanding in familiar and unfamiliar contexts AC9LG10EC05		
	create bilingual texts such as captions, glossaries or footnotes to interpret cultural and linguistic aspects of texts [Key concepts: representation, meaning, culture; Key processes: translating, interpreting] ACLGEC026			
	interact with a range of German speakers and texts, being aware of audience and context, and recognising that intercultural communication involves shared responsibility for meaning-making  [Key concepts: impact, reciprocity; Key processes: evaluating, questioning,			Understanding language and culture
	taking responsibility] ACLGEC027			
	create a variety of imaginative texts to entertain, convey ideas and express emotions [Key concepts: expression, humour, imagination; Key processes: composing, experimenting, expressing] ACLGEC024 identify, comprehend and create a range of different text types, including simple	create spoken, written and multimodal, informative and imaginative texts, selecting vocabulary, expressions, grammatical structures and textual conventions for familiar	Creating text in German	
	narrative, informative and persuasive texts such as diary entries, letters, advertisements and articles, incorporating appropriate linguistic, textual and cultural elements  [Key concepts: text construction, textual conventions; Key processes: comparing, analysing, applying] ACLGEU031	and some unfamiliar contexts and purposes, to engage different audiences AC9LG10EC06		
	notice examples in spoken German of variation in features such as	apply features of the German sound system,		
Orderstanding	pronunciation, rhythm and stress, and the use of contractions [Key concepts: metalanguage, variation, context; Key processes: explaining, comparing, imitating, experimenting] ACLGEU029	including pitch, rhythm, stress, pronunciation and intonation, and show how these are represented in familiar and some unfamiliar contexts AC9LG10EU01	language	and
	articulate and apply writing common German spelling and punctuation rules, such as for commas and quotation marks  [Key concepts: metalanguage, variation, context; Key processes: explaining, comparing, imitating, experimenting] ACLGEU029	select and use structures and features of the German grammatical and writing systems to enhance meaning and create spoken, written and multimodal texts AC9LG10EU02		
	extend grammatical knowledge, including of cases, demonstrative and interrogative adjectives, prepositions, common subordinating conjunctions, and past and future tenses, to describe, situate and link people, objects and events in time and place		systems of lar	
	[Key concepts: grammatical systems, connections, syntax; Key processes: applying, analysing, describing] ACLGEU030			
	understand that language has power and changes over time as a result of contact with other languages and with influences such as globalisation and new technologies and knowledge		Understanding	
	[Key concepts: evolution, influence; Key processes: noticing, analysing, investigating] ACLGEU033			anding
	identify and analyse linguistic features of German that vary according to audience, context and purpose in familiar modelled spoken and written texts	reflect on and evaluate German texts, using metalanguage to discuss language structures	_	ndersta
	[Key concepts: variation, register, style; Key processes: analysing, comparing, explaining] ACLGEU032	and features AC9LG10EU03		j
	explore the dynamic nature of the relationship between language, culture and communication and how it impacts on attitudes and beliefs	reflect on and explain how identity is shaped by language(s), culture(s), attitudes, beliefs	e of Ire	
	[Key concepts: diversity, culture; Key processes: questioning, analysing, reflecting] ACLGEC034	and values, and how these affect ways of communicating AC9LG10EU04	ding th nship o id cultu	
	reflect on self as a language user and discuss own and others' cultural identity, considering how it is both shaped by and influences ways of communicating and thinking		Understanding the interrelationship of language and culture	
	[Key concepts: identity, culture, values; Key processes: reflecting, analysing, discussing] ACLGEC028		<u>a</u>	



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