Years 3–4 assessment techniques and conditions v1.0

Science

This document outlines assessment techniques and conditions to achieve range and balance within an assessment program. Schools consider the local context, and the age and capabilities of the students, when selecting appropriate assessment techniques and conditions.

Techniques	Investigation	Experimental investigation	Test
Description	An investigation assesses students' abilities to collect, describe, predict and draw conclusions about secondary data and information.	An experimental investigation assesses students' abilities to experiment, generate and analyse primary data.	A test assesses students' responses that are produced independently, under supervised conditions and in a set timeframe. A test ensures student authorship.
	An investigation requires students to use data or information that they have been given and the knowledge they currently have.	An experimental investigation requires students to follow instructions to investigate a constructed question and/or problem. The focus is on planning an experimental investigation, and problem-solving with teacher guidance. Experiments may be conducted in the classroom or field.	A test requires students to respond to one or more assessment items. These items are based on questions or tasks that are typically unseen. Questions or tasks may be based on stimulus material.
		An experimental investigation is based on research practices. These practices include using information that students have been given and the knowledge they currently have. The research process is iterative, and is based on the exploration of a research question. An experimental investigation follows an inquiry approach that aligns to the Science Inquiry Skills strand for a year level.	

Techniques	Investigation	Experimental investigation	Test
Formats (examples only)	Formats include: • written - report - brochure - graphic organisers e.g. Venn diagram, graph, table, flow chart, data gathered on a field trip - annotated diagram • spoken/signed or multimodal - presentation.	Formats include: • written - article for science journal - record of investigations, including set-up, observations, data gathering and analysis - poster to represent experiment • spoken/signed or multimodal - demonstration - model - practical demonstration.	Formats include: • short response items - single word, true/false, multiple choice or sentence answer - paragraph response (standalone or linked to stimulus) • extended response items - practical exercise and/or calculation - construction, use or interpretation of primary or secondary data, graphs, tables or diagrams • response to stimulus.
Conditions	Suggested length:* • written responses 100–200 words • spoken/signed or multimodal responses up to 1 minute.	Suggested length:* • written responses 100–200 words • multimodal responses up to 1 minute • practical demonstration — as negotiated.	Suggested time: • up to 40 minutes, plus 10 minutes perusal. Suggested length:* • up to 200 words.

Notes

Responses can be written, spoken/signed or multimodal (integrating visual, print and/or audio features), recorded or live and may be presented digitally.

* Length of student responses should be considered in the context of the assessment. Longer responses do not necessarily provide better quality evidence of achievement.

All practical work must be organised with student safety in mind. Information on creating safe and healthy school environments, along with current work health and safety laws, is available at the Queensland Department of Education website. Schools must ensure their practices meet current guidelines.

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