# Years 7 and 8 standard elaborations — Australian Curriculum: **Design and Technologies**

### Purpose

The standard elaborations (SEs) provide additional clarity when using the Australian Curriculum achievement standard to make judgments on a five-point scale. They can be used as a tool for:

- making consistent and comparable judgments about the evidence of learning in a folio of student work
- developing task-specific standards for individual assessment tasks.

Structure The SEs are developed using the Australian Curriculum achievement standard. The Design and Technologies achievement standard describes the learning expected of students at each band. Teachers use the achievement standard during and at the end of a period of teaching to make on-balance judgments about the quality of learning students demonstrate.

> In Queensland the achievement standard represents the **C standard** — a sound level of knowledge and understanding of the content, and application of skills. The SEs are presented in a matrix. The discernible differences or degrees of quality associated with the five-point scale are highlighted to identify the characteristics of student work on which teacher judgments are made. Terms are described in the Notes section following the matrix.

#### Years 7 and 8 Australian Curriculum: Design and Technologies achievement standard

By the end of Year 8, students explain factors that influence the design of products, services and environments to meet present and future needs. They explain the contribution of design and technology innovations and enterprise to society. Students explain how the features of technologies impact on designed solutions and influence design decisions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts.

Students create designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts based on an evaluation of needs or opportunities. They develop criteria for success, including sustainability considerations, and use these to judge the suitability of their ideas and designed solutions and processes. They create and adapt design ideas, make considered decisions and communicate to different audiences using appropriate technical terms and a range of technologies and graphical representation techniques. Students apply project management skills to document and use project plans to manage production processes. They independently and safely produce effective designed solutions for the intended purpose.

#### Source

Australian Curriculum, Assessment and Reporting Authority (ACARA), Australian Curriculum Version 8 Design and Technologies for Foundation-10, www.australiancurriculum.edu.au/f-10-curriculum/technologies/design-and-technologies



# Years 7 and 8 Design and Technologies standard elaborations

		Α	В	С	D	E
		The folio of a student's work	k has the following characteri	stics:		
Knowledge and understanding	Technologies and society	comprehensive explanation of:  • factors that influence the design of products, services and environments to meet present and future needs  • the contribution of design and technology innovations and enterprise to society	detailed explanation of:  • factors that influence the design of products, services and environments to meet present and future needs  • the contribution of design and technology innovations and enterprise to society	explanation of:  • factors that influence the design of products, services and environments to meet present and future needs  • the contribution of design and technology innovations and enterprise to society	description of:  • factors that influence the design of products, services and environments to meet present and future needs  • the contribution of design and technology innovations and enterprise to society	statements about:  • factors that influence the design of products, services and environments to meet present and future needs  • the contribution of design and technology innovations and enterprise to society
Knowledg	Technologies contexts	comprehensive explanation of how the features of technologies impact on designed solutions and influence design decisions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts	detailed explanation of how the features of technologies impact on designed solutions and influence design decisions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts	explanation of how the features of technologies impact on designed solutions and influence design decisions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts	partial explanation of how the features of technologies impact on designed solutions and influence design decisions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts	statements about how the features of technologies impact on designed solutions and influence design decisions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts
and production skills	Investigating and defining		detailed evaluation of needs or opportunities for each of the prescribed technologies contexts	evaluation of needs or opportunities for each of the prescribed technologies contexts	explanation of needs or opportunities for each of the prescribed technologies contexts	statements about needs or opportunities for each of the prescribed technologies contexts
Processes and pr	Generating and designing	purposeful creation and adaptation of design ideas, making well-considered decisions	effective creation and adaptation of design ideas, making considered decisions	creation and adaptation of design ideas, making considered decisions	partial creation and adaptation of design ideas, making decisions	fragmented creation and adaptation of design ideas

		A	В	С	D	E
	Generating and designing	comprehensive and effective communication to different audiences:  • appropriate technical terms  • a range of technologies and graphical representation techniques	effective communication to different audiences:     appropriate technical terms     a range of technologies and graphical representation techniques	communication to different audiences using:  • appropriate technical terms  • a range of technologies and graphical representation techniques	partial communication to audiences using:  technical terms  technologies and graphical representation techniques	fragmented communication to audiences using  everyday language  graphical representation techniques
on skills	Producing and implementing	proficient and consistent production of effective designed solutions for the intended purpose independently and safely	consistent production of effective designed solutions for the intended purpose independently and safely	production of effective designed solutions for the intended purpose independently and safely	guided production of designed solutions for the intended purpose safely	guided production of designed solutions safely
Processes and production skills		development of comprehensive criteria for success, including sustainability considerations	development of detailed criteria for success, including sustainability considerations	development of criteria for success, including sustainability considerations	development of partial criteria for success, including sustainability considerations	statements of criteria for success
Processes 8	Evaluating	discerning use of developed criteria for success (including sustainability considerations) to judge the suitability of:  their ideas designed solutions and processes	informed use developed of criteria for success (including sustainability considerations) to judge the suitability of:  • their ideas • designed solutions and processes	use of developed criteria for success (including sustainability considerations) to judge the suitability of:  • their ideas • designed solutions and processes	partial use of developed criteria for success (including sustainability considerations) to describe the suitability of:  their ideas designed solutions and processes	fragmented use of developed criteria for success to make statements about:  their ideas designed solutions and processes
	Collaborating and managing	application of project management skills, including comprehensive documentation and discerning use of project plans, to manage production processes	application of project management skills, including detailed documentation and informed use of project plans, to manage production processes	application of project management skills, including documentation and use of project plans, to manage production processes	application of project management skills, including partial documentation and use of project plans, and use of production processes	use of project management skills, including partial documentation of aspects of project plans, and use of aspects of processes

Key

shading emphasises the qualities that discriminate between the A-E descriptors

# **Notes**

### **Australian Curriculum common dimensions**

The SEs describe the qualities of achievement in the two dimensions common to all Australian Curriculum learning area achievement standards — understanding and skills.

Dimension	Description
understanding	the concepts underpinning and connecting knowledge in a learning area, related to a student's ability to appropriately select and apply knowledge to solve problems in that learning area
skills	the specific techniques, strategies and processes in a learning area

## Terms used in Years 7 and 8 Design and Technologies SEs

These terms clarify the descriptors in the Years 7 and 8 Design and Technologies SEs. Definitions are drawn from the ACARA Australian Curriculum Technologies glossary (<a href="www.australiancurriculum.edu.au/f-10-curriculum/technologies/glossary">www.australiancurriculum.edu.au/f-10-curriculum/technologies/glossary</a>) and from other sources to ensure consistent understanding.

Term	Description
apply; applying	use, utilise or employ in a particular situation
appropriate	fitting, suitable to the context
aspects	particular parts or features
clear	easy to perceive, understand, or interpret; without ambiguity
collaborating and managing (design process)	students learn to work collaboratively and to manage time and other resources to effectively create designed solutions; in Years 7 and 8, students:  • work individually and collaboratively  • use project management processes that consider safety and efficiency  • progressively develop the ability to communicate and share ideas throughout the process, negotiating roles and responsibilities and making compromises to work effectively as a team
communicate; communication	conveying information or ideas to others through appropriate representations, text types and modes; in Design and Technologies, <i>communicate</i> means sharing of information and design ideas; includes using graphical representation techniques (e.g. drawing, sketching and modelling) to create innovative ideas that focus on high-quality designed solutions
comprehensive	detailed and thorough, including all that is relevant
considered	thought about deliberately with a purpose; see well-considered; in Technologies, considered includes informed
consistent	regular in occurrence; in agreement and not self-contradictory; in Technologies, <i>consistently</i> refers to the production of effective, designed solutions repeatedly

Term	Description
constructed environments	environments developed, built and/or made by people for human and animal activity, including buildings, streets, gardens, bridges and parks; include natural environments after they have been changed by people for a purpose
creation; create; creating	putting elements together to form a coherent or functional whole; reorganising elements into a new pattern or structure through generating, planning, or producing;  creating requires users to put parts together in a new way or synthesise parts into something new and different a new form or product;  in Design and Technologies, creating involves bringing a solution (product, environment or service) into existence through the design process
criteria for success	a descriptive list of essential features against which success can be measured; may be predetermined, negotiated with the class or developed by students; compilation of <i>criteria for success</i> involves:  • literacy skills to select and use appropriate terminology  • clarifying the project task and defining the need or opportunity to be resolved
demonstrate	give a practical exhibition or explanation
description; describe	give an account of characteristics or features
design process (processes and productions skills strand)	in Design and Technologies, design process means a process to create a designed solution that considers social, cultural and environmental factors and typically involves:  • investigating and defining  • generating and designing  • producing and implementing  • evaluating  • collaborating and managing; see also technologies processes
designed solutions	the products, services or environments that have been created for a specific purpose or intention as a result of design thinking, design processes and production processes; in Years 7 and 8, students create designed solutions focused on one or more of the technologies contexts produce a range of types of designed solutions (products, services and environments)
detailed	meticulous; including many of the parts
digital environments	environments that are entirely presented or experienced with digital technologies; can be a situation, a sphere of activity, or a simulated place (e.g. a social network that provides a digital environment for communicating with friends, software that provides a digital environment for editing photographs)
discerning	showing good judgment to make thoughtful choices in Technologies, <i>discerning</i> includes informed
effective	meeting the assigned purpose in a considered and/or efficient manner to produce a desired or intended result
environment	one type of designed solution; a place or space in which technologies processes operate and/or one of the outputs of technologies processes; environments can be natural, managed, constructed or digital

Term	Description
evaluate; evaluating (design process)	examine and judge the merit or significance of something; students evaluate and make judgments throughout a design process and about the quality and effectiveness of their designed solutions and those of others; in Years 7 and 8, students:  • independently develop criteria for success  • use this to evaluate design ideas, processes and solutions and their sustainability
explanation; explain	provide additional information that demonstrates understanding of reasoning and/or application
features	a distinctive attribute, characteristic, property or quality of something (e.g. an object, material, living thing, system or event)
fragmented	disjointed, incomplete or isolated
generating and designing (design process)	students develop and communicate ideas for a range of audiences; generating creative and innovative ideas involves thinking differently; it entails proposing new approaches to existing problems and identifying new design opportunities considering preferred futures; generating and developing ideas involves identifying various competing factors that may influence and dictate the focus of the idea in Years 7 and 8, students:
	<ul> <li>generate, develop, test and communicate design ideas, plans and processes for various audience</li> <li>use appropriate technical terms and technologies including graphical representation techniques</li> </ul>
graphical representation techniques	techniques used to communicate ideas and plans (e.g. sketching, drawing, modelling, making patterns, technical drawing, computer-aided drawing); in Years 7 and 8, students:  • generate and clarify ideas through sketching, modelling, perspective and orthogonal drawings  • use a range of symbols and technical terms in a range of contexts to produce patterns, annotated concept sketches and drawings, using scale, pictorial and aerial views to draw environments
guided	visual and/or verbal prompts to facilitate or support independent action
identification; identify	to establish or indicate who or what someone or something is
informed	having relevant knowledge; being conversant with the topic; in Technologies, <i>informed</i> refers to the underpinning knowledge, understanding and skills of processes and production skills when solving problems and creating solutions
investigating and defining (design process)	students critique, explore and investigate needs, opportunities and information; in Years 7 and 8, students:  • critique needs or opportunities for designing  • investigate, analyse and select from a range of materials, components, tools, equipment and processes to develop design ideas
judge	apply both procedural and deliberative operations to make a determination; procedural operations are those that determine the relevance and admissibility of evidence, whilst deliberative operations involve making a decision based on the evidence

Term	Description
justify; justification	show how an argument or conclusion is right or reasonable; provide sound reasons or evidence
managed environments	environments coordinated by humans (e.g. farms, forests, marine parks, waterways, wetlands, storage facilities)
materials	a substance from which a thing is or can be made; used to create products or environments and their structure can be manipulated by applying knowledge of the origins, structure, characteristics, properties and uses; natural materials (e.g. animals, food, fibre, timber) and fabricated materials (e.g. metals, alloys, plastics, textiles)
natural environments	environments in which humans do not make significant interventions (e.g. oceans, natural woodlands, national parks)
orthogonal drawing	a scaled multiview drawing of a three-dimensional object to show each view separately, in a series of two-dimensional drawings, for example, top or bottom, front, back and sides; in Australia, orthogonal drawings use third-angle projection for layout of the views; orthogonal drawings may also include measurements on each view and are used to develop lists of material requirements
partial	attempted; incomplete evidence provided
prescribed technologies contexts	see technologies contexts
processes and production skills	the skills needed to create designed solutions; see also technologies processes
producing and implementing (design process)	actively realising (making) designed solutions using appropriate resources and means of production; students learn and apply a variety of skills and techniques to make products, services or environments designed to meet specific purposes and user needs; the use of modelling and prototyping to accurately develop simple and complex physical models supports the production of successful designed solutions; in Years 7 and 8, students select and justify choices of materials, components, tools, equipment and techniques to effectively and safely make designed solutions
product; products	one type of designed solution; one of the outputs of technologies processes, the end result of processes and production; products are the tangible end results of natural, human, mechanical, manufacturing, electronic or digital processes to meet a need or want
production processes	in Design and Technologies, <i>production processes</i> are the technologies context-specific processes used to transform technologies into products, services or environments (e.g. the steps used for producing a product)
proficient	competent or skilled in doing or using something; in Design and Technologies, <i>proficient</i> means using knowledge and understanding of technologies in a skilful and adept application to produce high-quality design solutions

Term	Description
project management	the responsibility for planning, organising and controlling resources, monitoring timelines and activities and completing a project to achieve a goal that meets identified criteria for judging success; students should also identify and establish safety procedures that minimise risk and manage projects with safety and efficiency in mind, maintaining safety
	standards and management procedures to ensure success
project plan	detailed project plans incorporate elements such as sequenced time, cost and action plans to manage a range of design tasks safely, and to enable changing direction when necessary to successfully complete design tasks
project	the set of activities undertaken by students to address specified content, involving:  understanding the nature of a problem, situation or need  creating, designing and producing a solution to the project task  documenting the process; a project has:  a benefit, purpose and use  a user or audience who can provide feedback on the success of the solution
	<ul> <li>limitations to work within</li> <li>a real-world technologies context influenced by social, ethical and environmental issues</li> <li>criteria for success to judge its success</li> </ul>
prototype; prototyping	a trial product or model built to test an idea or process to inform further design development; a <i>prototype</i> can be developed in the fields of service, design, electronics or software programming; its purpose is to see if and how well the design works; prototypes are tested by users and systems analysts; <i>prototyping</i> is the process of developing a prototype; it provides specifications for a real, working product or system rather than a virtual or theoretical one
purposeful	intentional; done by design; focused and clearly linked to the goals of the task
service	one type of designed solution; one of the outputs of technologies processes, the end result of processes and production; services are the less tangible outcome (compared to products) of technologies processes to meet a need or want; they may involve development or maintenance of a system and include catering, cloud computing (software as a service), communication, transportation and water management; services can be communicated by charts, diagrams, models, posters and procedures
statement	a sentence or assertion
suggestion	put forward for consideration
suitable	appropriate, fitting
sustainable; sustainability	supports the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to support their needs
systems	the structure, properties, behaviour and interactivity of people and components (inputs, processes and outputs) within and between natural, managed, constructed and digital environments

Term	Description
technologies and society (knowledge and understanding strand)	technologies and society focuses on how people use and develop technologies taking into account social, economic, environmental, ethical, legal, aesthetic and functional factors and the impact of technologies on individuals; families; local, regional and global communities; the economy; and the environment – now and into the future; in Years 7 and 8, students:  • critically analyse factors, including social, ethical and sustainability considerations, that impact on designed solutions for global preferred futures and the complex design and production processes involved;  • explain how products, services and environments evolve with consideration of preferred futures and the impact of emerging technologies on design decisions
technologies contexts (knowledge and understanding strand)	in Design and Technologies, these are the contexts that students can focus on when using processes and production skills to design and produce products, services and environments; in Years 7 and 8, the prescribed <i>technologies contexts</i> are:  • engineering principles and systems  • food and fibre production  • food specialisations  • materials and technologies specialisations
technologies processes (processes and productions skills strand)	the processes that allow the creation of a solution for an audience (end user, client or consumer) and involve the purposeful use of technologies and other resources and appropriate consideration of impact when creating and using solutions; typically require critical and creative thinking such as: computational, design or systems thinking in Design and Technologies, technologies processes involve:  • design processes  • technologies-specific production processes
technologies	the materials, data, systems, components, tools and equipment used to create solutions for identified needs and opportunities, and the knowledge, understanding and skills used by people involved in the selection and use of these
use	to operate or put into effect
well-considered	thought about deliberately with a purpose to a great or considerable extent; in Technologies, well-considered recognises more detail, better connections between and depth when making decisions for creating and adapting design ideas when solving problems and creating solutions; see considered